

Larry Hogan, Governor - Boyd Rutherford, Lt. Governor - Van Mitchell, Secretary

April 1, 2016

Public Health Preparedness and Situational Awareness Report: #2016:12 Reporting for the week ending 3/26/16 (MMWR Week #12)

CURRENT HOMELAND SECURITY THREAT LEVELS

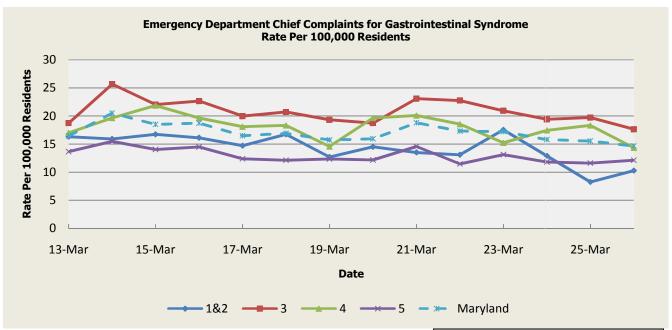
National: No Active Alerts

Maryland: Level Four (MEMA status)

SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE REPORTS

ESSENCE (Electronic Surveillance System for the Early Notification of Community-based Epidemics):

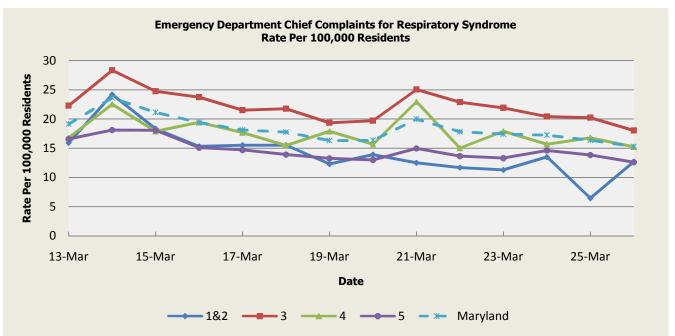
Graphical representation is provided for all syndromes (excluding the "Other" category; see Appendix 1) by Health and Medical Regions (See Appendix 2). Emergency department chief complaint data is presented as rates per 100,000 residents using data from the 2010 census.



There were six gastrointestinal illness outbreaks reported this week: 1 outbreak of gastroenteritis in an assisted living facility (Region 4). 1 outbreak of gastroenteritis associated with a school (Region 4). 3 outbreaks of gastroenteritis in nursing homes (1 Region 4, 2 Region 5). 1 outbreak of gastroenteritis in a hospital (Region 5).

	Gastrointestinal Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present								
Health Region	1&2								
Mean Rate*	12.93	14.78	10.30	12.96					
Median Rate*	12.70	14.39	14.80	10.13	12.72				

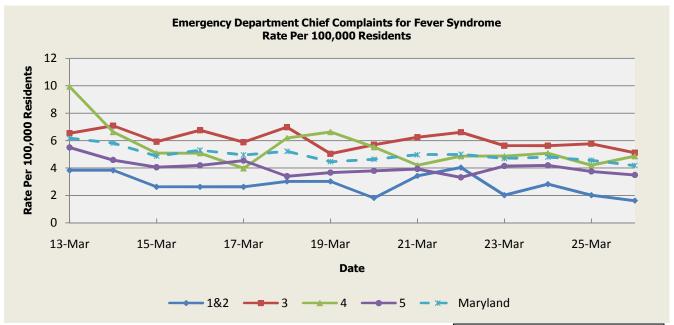
^{*} Per 100,000 Residents



There were two respiratory outbreaks reported this week. 1 outbreak of influenza in a nursing home (Regions 1&2). 1 outbreak of legionellosis in a nursing home (Region 3).

	Respiratory Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present							
Health Region	1&2							
Mean Rate*	11.98	14.00	14.01	9.91	12.26			
Median Rate*	11.70	13.26	13.47	9.47	11.71			

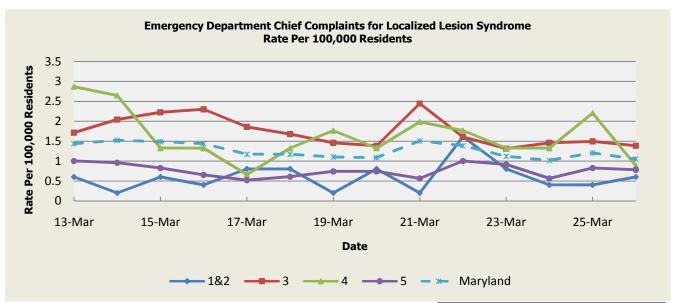
* Per 100,000 Residents



There were no fever outbreaks reported this week.

	Fever Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present							
Health Region	1&2	3	4	5	Maryland			
Mean Rate*	3.09	3.77	3.92	3.08	3.46			
Median Rate*	3.02	3.58	3.75	2.97	3.33			

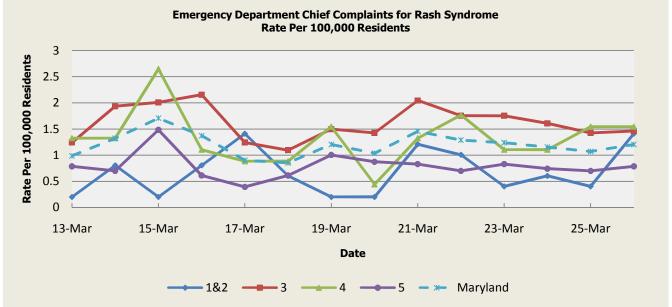
Per 100,000 Residents



There were no localized lesion outbreaks reported this week.

	Localized Lesion Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present						
Health Region	1&2	3	5	Maryland			
Mean Rate*	1.07	1.92	0.99	1.50			
Median Rate*	1.01	1.86	1.99	0.96	1.44		

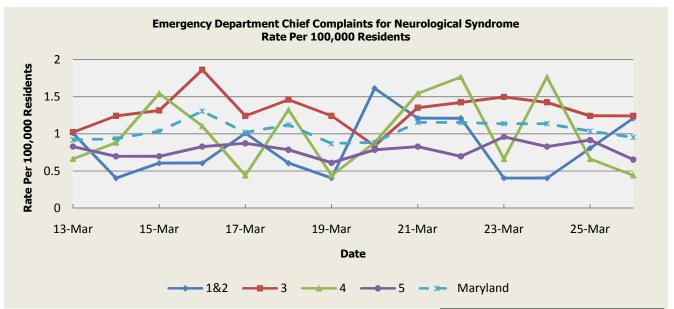
^{*} Per 100,000 Residents



There were no rash outbreaks reported this week.

	Rash Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present							
Health Region	1&2	3	4	5	Maryland			
Mean Rate*	1.30	1.74	1.75	1.05	1.44			
Median Rate*	1.21	1.68	1.77	1.00	1.39			

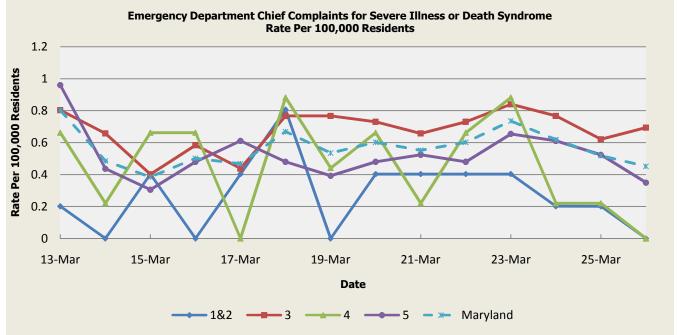
^{*} Per 100,000 Residents



There were no neurological syndrome outbreaks reported this week.

	Neurological Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present							
Health Region	1&2							
Mean Rate*	0.63							
Median Rate*	0.60	0.66	0.66	0.44	0.55			

^{*} Per 100,000 Residents

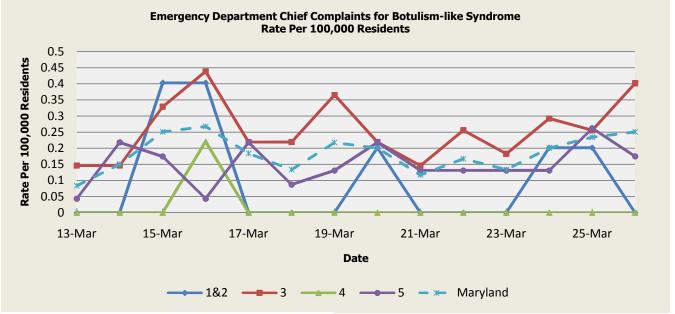


There were no severe illness or death outbreaks reported this week.

	Severe Illness or Death Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present							
Health Region	1&2							
Mean Rate*	0.71 0.96 0.85 0.44 0.73							
Median Rate*	0.60	0.95	0.88	0.44	0.72			

^{*} Per 100,000 Residents

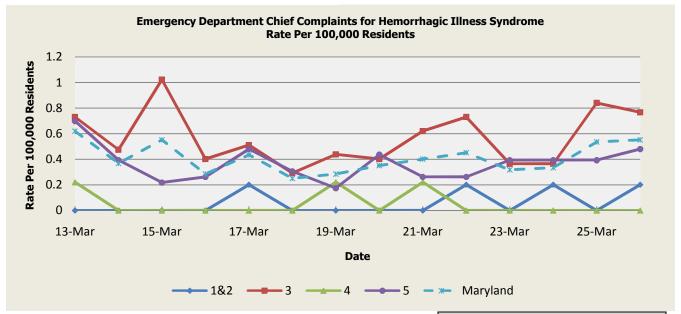
SYNDROMES RELATED TO CATEGORY A AGENTS



There was an appreciable increase above baseline in the rate of ED visits for Botulism-like Syndrome on 3/14 (Region 5), 3/15 (Region 1&2, 3, 5), 3/16 (Region 1&2, 3, 4), 3/17 (Region 3, 5), 3/18 (Region 3), 3/19 (Regions 3, 5), 3/20 (Regions 3,5), 3/21 (Region 5) 3/22 (Regions 3,5), 3/23 (Regions 3,5), 3/24 (Regions 1&2,3,5), 3/25 (Regions 1&2,3,5) and 3/26 (Regions 3,5). These increases are not known to be associated with any outbreaks.

	Botulism-like Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present						
Health Region	1&2 3 4 5 Maryla						
Mean Rate*	0.06	0.08	0.05	0.06			
Median Rate*	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.05		

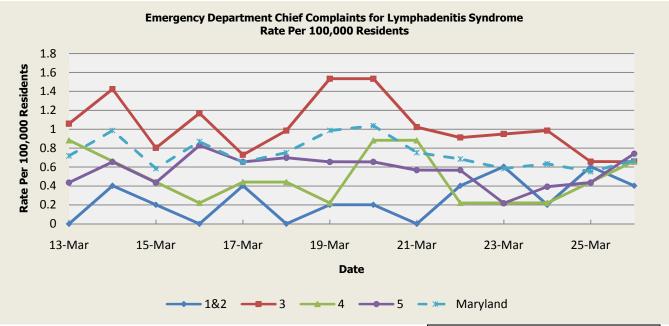
* Per 100,000 Residents



There was an appreciable increase above baseline in the rate of ED visits for Hemorrhagic Illness Syndrome on 3/13 (Regions 3, 4, 5), 3/14 (Regions 3, 5), 3/15 (Regions 3, 5), 3/16 (Regions 3,5), 3/17 (Regions 1&2,3,5), 3/18 (3, 5), 3/19 (Regions 3, 4, 5), 3/22 (Regions 1&2,3,5), 3/23 (Regions 3,5), 3/24 (Regions 1&2,3,5), 3/25 (Regions 3,5) and 3/26 (Regions 1&2,3,5). These increases are not known to be associated with any outbreaks.

		Hemorrhagic Illness Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present					
Health Region	1&2						
Mean Rate*	0.03						
Median Rate*	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.04	0.03		

* Per 100,000 Residents



There was an appreciable increase above baseline in the rate of ED visits for Lymphadenitis Syndrome on 3/13 (Region 3, 4), and 3/14 (Region 3, 4, 5), 3/16 (Regions 3, 5), 3/17 (Region 5), 3/18 (Regions 3, 5), 3/19 (Regions 2, 5), 3/20 (Regions 3,4,5), 3/21 (Regions 3,4), 3/22 (Region 3), 3/23 (Region 3), 3/24 (Region 3) and 3/26 (Region 5). These increases are not known to be associated with any outbreaks.

	Lymphadenitis Syndrome Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present							
Health Region	1&2	3	4	5	Maryland			
Mean Rate*	0.31	0.45	0.34	0.29	0.37			
Median Rate*	0.20	0.37	0.22	0.26	0.32			

^{*} Per 100,000 Residents

MARYLAND REPORTABLE DISEASE SURVEILLANCE

	Counts of Reported Cases‡						
Condition	March Cumulative (Year to D					Date)**	
Vaccine-Preventable Diseases	2016	Mean*	Median*	2016	Mean*	Median*	
Aseptic meningitis	18	22.6	21	54	78.2	73	
Meningococcal disease	1	0.6	1	1	2.2	2	
Measles	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Mumps	0	5.8	0	0	7.8	0	
Rubella	0	0.2	0	0	0.2	0	
Pertussis	2	9.4	10	7	37.2	31	
Foodborne Diseases	2016	Mean*	Median*	2016	Mean*	Median*	
Salmonellosis	20	42.4	40	82	129.2	124	
Shigellosis	2	14	11	21	40.6	30	
Campylobacteriosis	17	27.4	29	102	95.2	88	
Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli (STEC)	0	2.2	2	6	9.6	10	
Listeriosis	0	0	0	1	1.4	1	
Arboviral Diseases	2016	Mean*	Median*	2016	Mean*	Median*	
West Nile Fever	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Lyme Disease	8	38.8	39	56	111	107	
Emerging Infectious Diseases	2016	Mean*	Median*	2016	Mean*	Median*	
Chikungunya	0	0.2	0	2	2.2	0	
Dengue Fever	0	0.2	0	5	1.4	1	
Zika Virus***	0	0	0	2	0	0	
Other	2016	Mean*	Median*	2016	Mean*	Median*	
Legionellosis	3	4	4	14	14.8	15	

[‡] Counts are subject to change

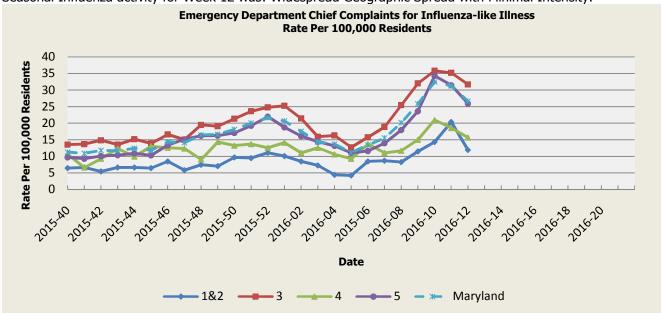
^{*}Timeframe of 2011-2015

^{**}Includes January through current month

^{***}As of March 23, 2016, the total Maryland confirmed Zika Virus Infections is 5.

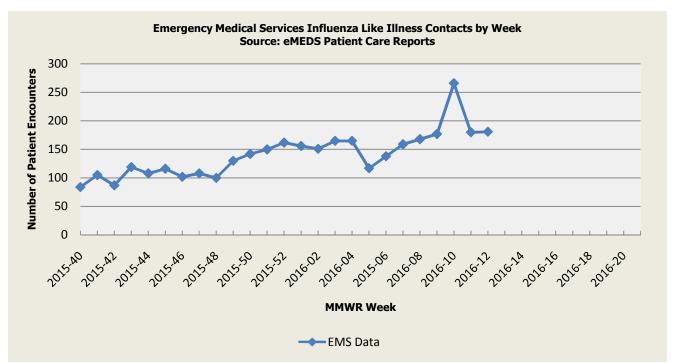
SYNDROMIC INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE

Seasonal Influenza reporting occurs from MMWR Week 40 through MMWR Week 20 (October through May). Seasonal Influenza activity for Week 12 was: Widespread Geographic Spread with Minimal Intensity.

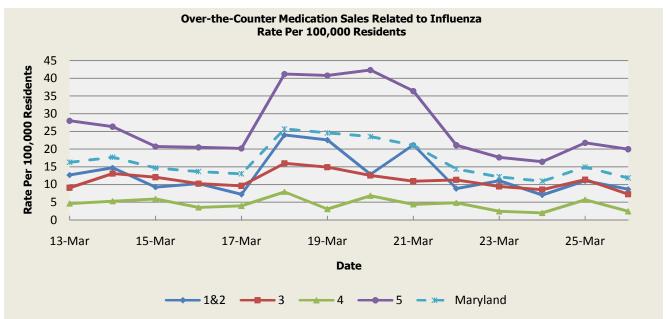


	Influenza-like Illness Baseline Data Week 1 2010 - Present						
Health Region	1&2	3	5	Maryland			
Mean Rate*	9.35	11.45	10.86	10.38	10.82		
Median Rate*	7.66	8.91	9.05	7.95	8.55		

* Per 100,000 Residents



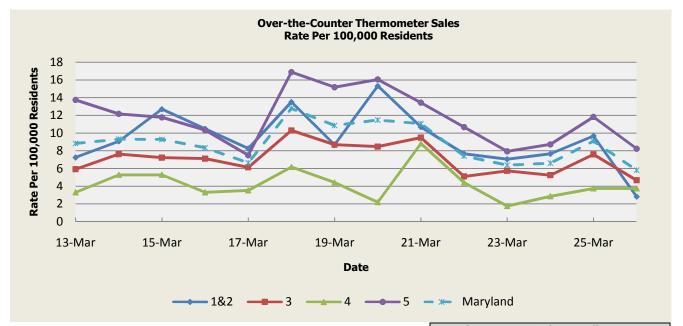
Disclaimer on eMEDS flu related data: This data is based on EMS Pre-hospital care reports where the EMS provider has selected "flu like illness" as a primary or secondary impression of a patient's illness. This impression is solely based on the signs and symptoms seen by the provider, not on any diagnostic tests. Since these numbers do not include all primary or secondary impressions that may be seen with influenza the actual numbers may be low. This data is reported for trending purposes only.



There was an appreciable increase above baseline in the rate of OTC flu medication sales on 3/20 (Regions 1&2,4,5), 3/21 (Regions 1&2,5), 3/25 (Regions 1&2).

	OTC Sales Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present				
Health Region	1&2	3	4	5	Maryland
Mean Rate*	5.84	6.46	3.24	14.44	9.22
Median Rate*	4.44	5.37	2.87	11.66	7.50

* Per 100,000 Residents



There was an appreciable increase above baseline in the rate of OTC thermometer sales on 3/20 (Regions 1&2,5), 3/21 (Region 4).

	Thermometer Sales Baseline Data January 1, 2010 - Present				
Health Region	1&2	3	4	5	Maryland
Mean Rate*	5.77	4.75	3.34	7.80	5.90
Median Rate*	5.04	4.38	3.09	7.16	5.44

^{*} Per 100,000 Residents

PANDEMIC INFLUENZA UPDATE / AVIAN INFLUENZA-RELATED REPORTS

WHO update: The current WHO phase of pandemic alert for avian influenza is ALERT. Currently, the avian influenza H5N1 virus continues to circulate in poultry in some countries, especially in Asia and northeast Africa. This virus continues to cause sporadic human infections with some instances of limited human-to-human transmission among very close contacts. There has been no sustained human-to-human or community-level transmission identified thus far.

Influenza A (H7N9) is one of a subgroup of influenza viruses that normally circulate among birds. Until recently, this virus had not been seen in people. However, human infections have now been detected. As yet, there is limited information about the scope of the disease the virus causes and about the source of exposure. The disease is of concern because most patients have been severely ill. There is no indication thus far that it can be transmitted between people, but both animal-to-human and human-to-human routes of transmission are being actively investigated.

Alert phase: This is the phase when influenza caused by a new subtype has been identified in humans. Increased vigilance and careful risk assessment, at local, national and global levels, are characteristic of this phase. If the risk assessments indicate that the new virus is not developing into a pandemic strain, a deescalation of activities towards those in the interpandemic phase may occur. As of <u>February 25, 2016</u>, the WHO-confirmed global total (2003-2016) of human cases of H5N1 avian influenza virus infection stands at 846, of which 449 have been fatal. Thus, the case fatality rate for human H5N1 is approximately 53%.

Avian Influenza in Humans:

H7N9 (CHINA): 28 Mar 2016, One H7N9 human case has been reported in Xuancheng City of Anhui, the provincial health authority said on Monday [28 Mar 2016]. A 45-year-old man was diagnosed with the disease on 25 Mar 2016. He has been confirmed to have had contact with live poultry. He is in critical condition and receiving treatment in Xuancheng. A joint prevention and control mechanism has been initiated in Xuancheng. So far, 5 cases have been reported in Anhui this year [2016]. Read More: http://www.promedmail.org/post/4128528

There were no reports of human cases of avian influenza in the United States at the time that this report was compiled.

Avian Influenza in Poultry:

H5N8 (SOUTH KOREA): 19 Mar 2016, South Korea has detected bird flu in ducks on a poultry farm near Seoul, an agriculture ministry official told Reuters today [28 Mar 2016], the 1st discovery in 4 months and a month after the country regained its bird flu-free status. The case involved a strain known as H5N8, the same type of influenza that occurred last November [2015]. All 11 604 ducks at the infected farm in the city of Icheon [Gyeonggi province], 80 km [about 50 mi] east of Seoul have been slaughtered, the official said. Read More: http://www.promedmail.org/post/4124502

NATIONAL DISEASE REPORTS

E. COLI EHEC (USA): 28 Mar 2016, The Connecticut Department of Public Health is investigating an *E. coli* O157 outbreak linked to a farm in Lebanon. As of 1 p.m. on Monday, 28 Mar 2016, DPH says it is looking at 15 confirmed cases of *E. coli* linked to the Oak Leaf Dairy Farm in Lebanon, though that number may increase as DPH continues to identify cases that weren't initially reported. The outbreak was 1st reported on 24 Mar 2016 with 6 out of 7 *E. coli* cases confirmed in patients who had visited the Oak Leaf Farm and come into contact with goats there. Read More: http://www.promedmail.org/post/4123767

INTERNATIONAL DISEASE REPORTS

FOODBORNE ILLNESS (INDIA): 30 Mar 2016, At least 200 people of 4 villages under Tirtol police station limits, mostly minors fell ill, after consuming 'dahi bara' [dumplings made from split black gram beans and soaked in a yogurt sauce] from vendors. A medical team has rushed to the affected villages. Read More: http://www.promedmail.org/post/4128227

ANTHRAX (INDIA): 30 Mar 2016, 13 people are hospitalised in Jharkhand's Simdega in the 2nd suspected anthrax outbreak within a week and probably caused by infected cattle meat, officials said on Tuesday [29 Mar 2016]. Bardega village where the anthrax outbreak is reported, is about 145 km west of state capital Ranchi and just 30 km from Kurumdegi, where one person was killed by the disease 4 days ago. Read More: http://www.promedmail.org/post/4128692

MERS-COV (SAUDI ARABIA): 29 Mar 2016, A 55-year-old Saudi male from Jazan, non-healthcare worker, currently in stable condition. Classified as a primary case but history of contact with camels under investigation. Read More: http://www.promedmail.org/post/4125596

OTHER RESOURCES AND ARTICLES OF INTEREST

More information concerning Public Health and Emergency Preparedness can be found at the Office of Preparedness and Response website: http://preparedness.dhmh.maryland.gov/ or follow us on Facebook at www.facebook.com/MarylandOPR.

More data and information on influenza can be found on the DHMH website: http://phpa.dhmh.maryland.gov/influenza/fluwatch/Pages/Home.aspx

Please participate in the Maryland Resident Influenza Tracking System (MRITS): http://flusurvey.dhmh.maryland.gov

NOTE: This weekly review is a compilation of data from various surveillance systems, interpreted with a focus on a potential BT event. It is not meant to be inclusive of all epidemiology data available, nor is it meant to imply that every activity reported is a definitive BT event. International reports of outbreaks due to organisms on the CDC Critical Biological Agent list will also be reported. While not "secure", please handle this information in a professional manner. Please feel free to distribute within your organization, as you feel appropriate, to other professional staff involved in emergency preparedness and infection control.

For questions about the content of this review or if you have received this and do not wish to receive these weekly notices, please e-mail us. If you have information that is pertinent to this notification process, please send it to us to be included in the routine report.

Prepared By:

Anikah H. Salim, MPH, CPH
Biosurveillance Epidemiologist
Office of Preparedness and Response
Maryland Department of Health & Mental Hygiene
300 W. Preston Street, Suite 202
Baltimore, MD 21201

Office: 410-767-2074

Email: Anikah.Salim@maryland.gov

Appendix 1: ESSENCE Syndrome Definitions and Associated Category A Conditions

Syndrome	ESSENCE Definition	Category A Conditions
Botulism-like	(Botulism or (DifficultyFocusing and DifficultySpeaking) or (DifficultySpeaking and DifficultySwallowing) or (DifficultySwallowing and DifficultyFocusing) or DoubleVision or FacialParalysis or GuillainBarre or Ptosis) and not GeneralExclusions	Botulism
Fever	(Chills or (FeverPlus and (Drowsiness or Seizure)) or FeverOnly or SepsisGroup or ViralSyndrome) and not GeneralExclusions	N/A
Gastrointestinal	(AbdominalCramps or AbdominalPainGroup or Diarrhea or FoodPoisoning or Gastroenteritis or GIBleeding or Peritonitis or Vomiting) and not (GeneralExclusions or Gynecological or Obstetric or Reproductive or UrinaryTract)	Anthrax (gastrointestinal)
Hemorrhagic Illness	(FeverOrChills and (AcuteBloodAbnormalitiesGroup or BleedingFromMouth or BleedingGums or GIBleeding or Hematemesis or Hemoptysis or Nosebleed or Petechiae or Purpura)) and not GeneralExclusions	Viral Hemorrhagic Fever
Localized Lesion	(Boils or Bump or Carbuncle or DepressedUlcer or Eschar or Furuncle or InsectBite or SkinAbscess or (SkinSores and not AllOverBody) or SkinUlcer or SpiderBite) and not (GeneralExclusions or Decubitus or Diabetes or StasisUlcer)	Anthrax (cutaneous) Tularemia
Lymphadenitis	(BloodPoisoning or Bubo or CatScratchDisease or SwollenGlands) and not GeneralExclusions	Plague (bubonic)
Neurological	(([Age<75] and AlteredMentalStatus) or (FeverPlus and (Confusion or Drowsiness or Petechiae or StiffNeck)) or Delirium or Encephalitis or Meningitis or UnconsciousGroup) and not GeneralExclusions	N/A
Rash	(ChickenPox or Measles or RashGeneral or Roseola or (Rubella and not Pregnancy) or Shingles or (SkinSores and AllOverBody) or Smallpox) and not GeneralExclusions	Smallpox
Respiratory	(Anthrax or Bronchitis or (ChestPain and [Age<50]) or Cough or Croup or DifficultyBreathing or Hemothorax or Hypoxia or Influenza or Legionnaires or LowerRespiratoryInfection or Pleurisy or Pneumonia or RespiratoryDistress or RespiratoryFailure or RespiratorySyncytialVirus or RibPain or ShortnessOfBreath or Wheezing) and not (GeneralExclusions or Cardiac or (ChestPain and Musculoskeletal) or Hyperventilation or Pneumothorax)	Anthrax (inhalational) Tularemia Plague (pneumonic)
Severe Illness or Death	CardiacArrest or CodeGroup or DeathGroup or (Hypotension and FeverPlus) or RespiratoryArrest or SepsisGroup or Shock	N/A

Appendix 2: Maryland Health and Medical Region Definitions

Health and Medical Region	Counties Reporting to ESSENCE		
	Allegany County		
Pagions 1 & 2	Frederick County		
Regions 1 & 2	Garrett County		
	Washington County		
	Anne Arundel County		
	Baltimore City		
Region 3	Baltimore County		
Region 3	Carroll County		
	Harford County		
	Howard County		
	Caroline County		
	Cecil County		
	Dorchester County		
	Kent County		
Region 4	Queen Anne's County		
	Somerset County		
	Talbot County		
	Wicomico County		
	Worcester County		
	Calvert County		
	Charles County		
Region 5	Montgomery County		
	Prince George's County		
	St. Mary's County		

